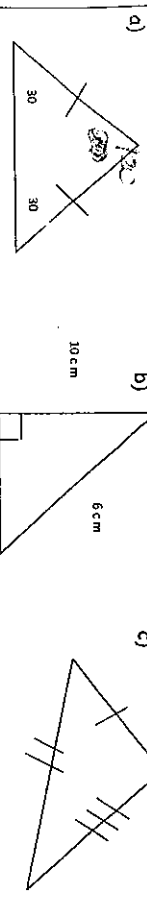


Define

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• supplementary angles</li> <li>• complementary angles</li> <li>• vertical angles</li> <li>• adjacent angles</li> <li>• acute triangle</li> <li>• obtuse triangle</li> <li>• right triangle</li> <li>• isosceles triangle</li> <li>• scalene triangle</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• equilateral triangle</li> <li>• parallel lines</li> <li>• transversal</li> <li>• congruent angles</li> <li>• corresponding angles</li> <li>• alternate exterior angles</li> <li>• triangle sum theorem</li> <li>• exterior angle theorem</li> </ul>
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Name each triangle by its sides and lengths

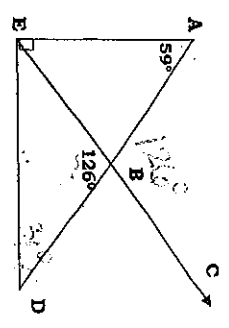


isosceles, obtuse scalene, right scalene, right

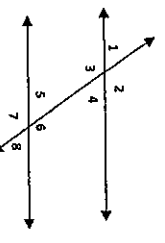
For # 1-10, find the measure of the missing angle

<p>1) </p> $2x - 2 + 2x + 8 = 90$ $4x + 6 = 90$ $4x = 84$ $x = 21$	<p>2) </p> $2x + 11 + 3x - 6 = 180$ $5x + 5 = 180$ $5x = 175$ $x = 35$
<p>3) </p> <del> <math display="block">3x + 12 + 3x + 5x - 4 = 180</math> <math display="block">11x + 8 = 180</math> <math display="block">11x = 172</math> <math display="block">x = 15.6</math> </del> $3x + 12 = 5x - 4$ $3x = 5x - 16$ $-2x = -16$ $x = 8$	<p>4) </p> $20 + 4x + 10 = 90$ $30 + 4x = 90$ $4x = 60$ $x = 15$

5) Use the diagram to find the missing angle measures B and D.



Use the following figure to answer questions 7-9.



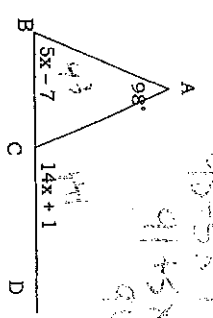
8) If the  $m\angle 3$  is  $2x$  and  $m\angle 5$  is  $2x + 10$ , find  $x$  and the measure of both angles.

$$x = 13$$

$$m\angle 3 = 26^\circ$$

$$m\angle 5 = 36^\circ$$

6)



7) If the  $m\angle 1$  is  $5x$  and  $m\angle 4$  is  $2x + 10$ , find  $x$  and the measure of both angles.

$$x = 6$$

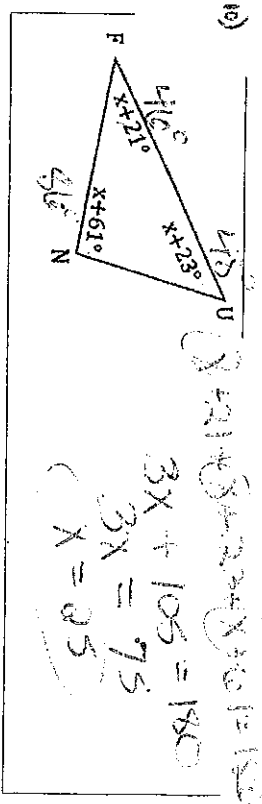
$$45^\circ$$

9) If the  $m\angle 2$  is  $2x$  and  $m\angle 7$  is  $2x + 10$ , find  $x$  and the measure of both angles.

$$x = 14 = 31$$

$$104^\circ$$

10)



$$3x + 105 = 180$$

$$3x = 75$$

$$x = 25$$

$$8x = x + 42$$

$$7x = 42$$

$$x = 6$$

$$12x + 34 + 2x - 5 = 180$$

$$14x - 2 = 180$$

$$14x = 182$$

$$x = 13$$

$$10 + x = 5x - 4$$

$$10 = 4x - 4$$

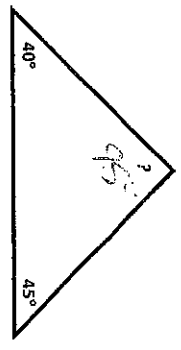
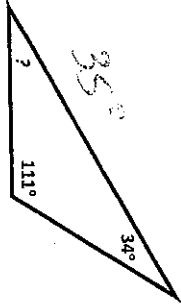
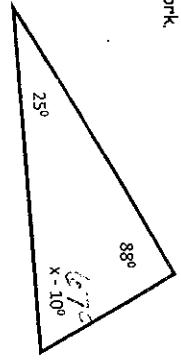
$$14 = 4x$$

$$\frac{14}{4} = x$$

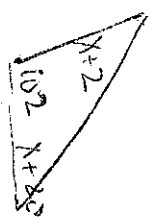
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Find each missing angle measure.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Period: \_\_\_\_\_

<p>1. </p>	<p>2. In a triangle the measure of two of the angles is 35° and 65°. Find the measure of the third angle.</p> <p>50°</p>
<p>3. In triangle DEF the measure of angle D is 33° and the measure of angle E is 97°. Find the measure of angle F.</p> <p>50°</p>	<p>4. </p>
<p>5. Triangle ABC is a right triangle. The measure of angle A is 37°. Find the measures of angle B and C.</p> <p>90° 53°</p>	<p>6. Four isosceles triangles cap the Smith Tower in Seattle. If one of the base angles measures 65°, what are the measures of the other two angles?</p> <p>65° 65° 50°</p>
<p>7. Find the missing angle measure without using a protractor. Triangle is not drawn to scale. Set up an equation and show your work.</p> 	<p>8. Draw a triangle and give it the following measures then list the measure of all three angles: <math>m\angle 1 = 102^\circ</math>, <math>m\angle 2 = x + 2</math>, and <math>m\angle 3 = x + 20</math>.</p> <p><math>m\angle 1 = 102</math> <math>m\angle 2 = 30</math> <math>m\angle 3 = 48</math></p>

$55 + 85 + x - 10 = 180$   
 $103 + x = 180$   
 $x = 77$



$102 + x + 2 + x + 20 = 180$   
 $2x + 124 = 180$   
 $2x = 56$   
 $x = 28$

9. Can you draw a right triangle that is also an isosceles triangle? Explain.

yes

10. Can a triangle have more than one obtuse angle? Explain.



Tell if the following combinations are lengths that could create a triangle.

11. 3, 5, 9

no

12. 8, 8, 8

yes

13. 7, 8, 2

yes

How did you determine the answers to #11-13?

$3 + 5 > 9$  no  
 $3 + 9 > 5$  yes  
 $5 + 9 > 3$  yes

$8 + 8 > 8$   
 $8 + 8 > 8$   
 $8 + 8 > 8$

$7 + 8 > 2$   
 $7 + 2 > 8$   
 $2 + 8 > 7$

14. In congruent triangles, what is true about corresponding sides?



15. In congruent triangles, what is true about corresponding angles?

